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Key

$(c-d)(c+d)$

$(d+2c)(d-c)$

5.

Written in simplest form, $\frac{c^2 - d^2}{d^2 + cd - 2c^2}$ where $c \neq d$, is equivalent to

(1) $\frac{c+d}{d+2c}$

(3) $\frac{-c-d}{d+2c}$

(2) $\frac{c-d}{d+2c}$

(4) $\frac{-c+d}{d+2c}$

6.

The function $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{x^2+2x-8}$ is undefined when x equals

(1) 2 or -4

(2) 3, only

(2) 4 or -2

(4) 2, only

7. $\frac{2x^2}{x(x-2)} - \frac{11(x-2)}{x(x-2)} = \frac{8x(x-2)}{x(x-2)} = 2x^2 - 11x + 22 = 0$

To solve $\frac{2x}{x-2} - \frac{11}{x} = \frac{8}{x^2-2x}$, Ren multiplied both sides by the

least common denominator. Which statement is true?

(1) 2 is an extraneous solution.

(2) $\frac{7}{2}$ is an extraneous solution.

(3) 0 and 2 are extraneous solutions.

(4) This equation does not contain any extraneous solutions.

$2x^2 - 11x + 14 = 0$

$(2x-7)(x-2) = 0$

8.

Completely factor the following expression:

Reorder

$x^2 + 3xy + 3x^3 + y$

$x^2 + 3x^3 + 3xy + y$

$x(x+3y) + 1($

$x^2(1+3x) + y(3x+1)$

$(x^2+y)(3x+1)$

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Algebra 2 – Rational Functions Summary

For each statement or question, choose the word or expression that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question.

(3)

1. For all values of x for which the expression is defined, $\frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18}{x^3 - x^2 - 6x}$, in simplest form, is equivalent to

(1) 3

(2) $-\frac{17}{2}$

(3) $\frac{x+3}{x}$

(4) $\frac{x^2-9}{x(x-3)}$

$$\frac{x^2(x+2) - 9(x+2)}{x(x^2 - x - 6)}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{x-3}(x+3)\cancel{x+2}}{x(x-3)(x+2)}$$

2.

What is the solution set of the equation $\frac{x+3}{x} - \frac{3x}{x+3} = \frac{x}{x+3}$

(1) {3}

(2) $\left\{\frac{3}{2}\right\}$

(3) {-2,3}

(4) $\left\{-1, \frac{3}{2}\right\}$

$x(x+3)$

$$\left[\frac{2x+6-3x^2}{x(x+3)} = \frac{x^2}{x(x+3)} \right]$$

(4)

3.

A manufacturing plant produces two different-sized containers of peanuts. One container weighs x ounces and the other weighs y pounds. If a gift set can hold one of each size container, which expression represents the number of gift sets needed to hold 124 ounces?

(1) $\frac{124}{16x+y}$

(2) $\frac{x+16y}{124}$

(3) $\frac{124}{x+16y}$

(4) $\frac{16x+y}{124}$

$x + 16y$

$$0 = 4x^2 - 2x - 6$$

$$0 = 2(2x^2 - x - 3)$$

$$0 = 2(2x-3)(x+1)$$

$$0 = 2x-3 \quad | \quad x+1=0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2} \quad | \quad x = -1$$

(3)

4.

The focal length, F , of a camera's lens is related to the distance of the object from the lens, J , and the distance to the image area in the camera, W , by the formula below.

$$\frac{WF}{WJ} + \frac{1}{W} = \frac{1}{F}$$

$$\frac{WF + JF}{WFJ} = \frac{WJ}{WFJ}$$

When this equation is solved for J in terms of F and W , J equals

(1) $F - W$

(2) $\frac{FW}{F - W}$

(3) $\frac{FW}{W - F}$

(4) $\frac{1}{F} - \frac{1}{W}$

$$WF + JF = WJ$$

$$WF = WJ - JF$$

$$\frac{WF}{W-F} = \frac{J(W-F)}{W-F}$$

(3)

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Algebra 2 – Rational Functions Summary

9.

Algebraically prove that $\frac{x^3+9}{x^3+8} = 1 + \frac{1}{x^3+8}$, where $x \neq -2$.

$$x^3+9 = x^3+8 + 1$$

$$x^3+9 = x^3+9$$

10.

Algebraically solve for x:

$$\frac{6(x+3)}{1} \left[\frac{-3}{x+3} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{x}{6} - \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

$$-18 + 3(x+3) = x(x+3) - 3(x+3)$$

$$-18 + 3x + 9 = x^2 + 3x - 3x - 9$$

$$-9 = x^2 - 9$$

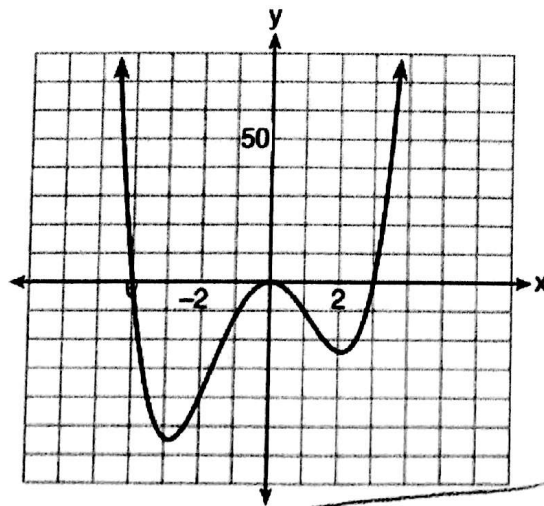
$$x^2 - 3x = 0$$

$$x(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 0, 3$$

11.

The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown below. The function has a leading coefficient of 1.



Write an equation for $f(x)$.

$$y = 1(x+4)(x)^2(x-3)$$